



RSUD DR. ACHMAD
MOCHtar
BUKITTINGGI

PANDUAN PRAKTEK KLINIS (PPK)

STROKE INFARK (ICD 10: I63.0)

No. Dokumen	No Revisi	Halaman
PPIK/006/PSRM/2021		
Tanggal Terbit	Ditetapkan Oleh  Dr. KHAIRUL, Sp.M NIP. 19610115 198903 1 003	
PENGERTIAN	Defisit neurologis fokal yang terjadi akibat sumbatan pada pembuluh darah otak.	
ANAMNESIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Defisit neurologis fokalWajah asimetrис,bicara pelo,lumpuh separuh badan.Lama terjadinyaPingsanKejangNyeri kepalaPenurunan kesadaranAllo anamnesis bila pasien tidak sadarRiwayat obat-obatanRiwayat sakit DM,jantung,epilepsi,obat-obatan tertentu	
PEMERIKSAAN FISIK	<p>Pemeriksaan Fisik Umum</p> <p>Pemeriksaan Neurologis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Tingkat kesadaran Glasgow Coma Scale(GCS)Saraf-saraf kranialisFundoskopi dicari tanda-tanda edema pupil,<i>retinal detachment</i>Motoris & sensoris, bandingkan kanan dan kiri,atas dan bawah apakah ada HemiparesisAutonomis	
KRITERIA DIAGNOSIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Defisit neurologis FokalPenemuan daerah iskemik/infark pada CT scan dan/atau MRI	
DIAGNOSA KERJA	Stroke Infark (I63.0)	
DIAGNOSA BANDING	<ol style="list-style-type: none">ICH strokeTumoral cerebriPenyakit metabolismMoya-moya diseaseStenosis carotis	



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PEMERIKSAAN PENUNJANG	No	Pemeriksaan	Rekomendasi	GR	Ref
	1	CT scan	Pada fase hiperakut CT scan dapat digunakan untuk mengeksklusi stroke perdarahan. Sensitifitas CT non kontras pada stroke infark meningkat setelah 24 jam onset serangan.	2A	6
	2	MRI/MRA	MRI sekuens T1 dan T2 DWI, PWI, GRE dapat mendiagnosa stroke akut iskemik. DWI superior dalam mendiagnosa akut stroke iskemik dalam 12 jam onset.	1B	7
	3	Cerebral angiografi	Untuk medeteksi adanya stenosis vaskuler atau oklusi.	1B	12

Dilakukan juga pemeriksaan :

- Darah Lengkap
- GDA
- BGA
- SE
- BUN/SK
- EKG
- FH dan INR
- LFT
- FotoThorax
- Echo cardiografi

TATALAKSANA	No	Terapi	Prosedur (ICD 9 CM)	GR	Ref
	1	rTPA	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disarankan alteplase secara intravena pada onset kurang dari 3 jam (Grade 1B), Arteri trombotik (contoh : aspirin) dapat diberikan dalam 48 jam sejak onset terjadi (Grade 1A) 2. Pencegahan serangan kedua stroke pada pasien dengan noncardioembolic stroke atau riwayat TIA, lacunar infark direkomendasikan penggunaan antiplatelet clopidogrel (Grade 1) 3. Penggunaan aspirin pada pasien dengan perdarahan GIT dianjurkan 50-100mg/hari untuk pencegahan serangan stroke kedua (Grade 1B) 4. Tidak dianjurkan penggunaan kombinasi aspirin dan clopidogrel pada pasien non cardio embolic stroke atau TIA (Grade 1A) 	1A	9
	2	OAH	Pemberian obat anti hipertensi diberikan pada systole >220 atau diastole >120 ataupun terdapat indikasi belum jelas (PJK, gagal jantung, diseksi aorta, ensefalopati hipertensi, GGA, atau pre eclampsia/ eclampsia). Target penurunan tekanan darah adalah 15% dari tensi awal	1C	10



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	3	Endovascuter	1. Intra arterial trombotis 2. Prosedur mechanical thrombectomy dengan stent retriever (solitaire, dll)	TA	11
	4	Terapi lain	Dapat diberikan analog kortikotropin ACTH 4-7 Pro ⁸ -Gly ⁹ -Pro ¹⁰	1B	10.12

Keterangan:

GR: Grade of Recommendation

LAMA RAWATAN	
EDUKASI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rutin minum obat anti trombotik Intensifikasi obat antihipertensi Setelah fase akut terlewati dapat dimulai manajemen penurunan tekanan darah Perubahan gaya hidup Olahraga, tidak merokok, diet sehat
PROGNOSIS	Kondisi pasien yang membaik dengan terapi yang adekuat dalam onset kurang dari 4 jam menghasilkan prognosis yang baik.
TINGKAT EVIDENS	
TINGKAT REKOMENDASI	
PENELAAH KRITIS/ KONTRIBUTOR	dr. Setyo Widi, Sp.BS(K)
INDIKATOR MEDIS	Perbaikan status neurologis umum/ fokal.
KEPUSTAKAAN	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Jauch EC, Saver JL, Adams HP Jr, et al. Guidelines for the early management of patients with acute ischemic stroke: a guideline for healthcare professionals from the American Heart Association/American Stroke Association. <i>Stroke</i> 2013;44:870. Adams HP Jr, del Zoppo G, Albers MJ, et al. Guidelines for the early management of adults with ischemic stroke: a guideline from the American Heart Association/American Stroke Association Stroke Council, Clinical Cardiology Council, Cardiovascular Radiology and Intervention Council, and the Atherosclerotic Peripheral Vascular Disease and Quality-of-Care Outcomes in Research Interdisciplinary Working Groups: the American Academy of Neurology affirms the value of this guideline as an educational tool for neurologists. <i>Stroke</i> 2007;38:1655. National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence. <i>Stroke: The diagnosis and acute management of stroke and transient ischaemic attacks</i>. Royal College of Physicians, London 2008. http://www.nice.org.uk/CG068 (Accessed on February 01, 2011). Burns JD, Green DM, Metivier K, DeFusco C. Intensive care management of acute ischemic stroke. <i>Emerg Med Clin North Am</i> 2012;30:713 Lansberg MG, O'Donnell MJ, Khatri P, Lang ES, Nguyen-Huynh MN, Schwartz NE, Sonnenberg FA, Schulmans S, Vandvik PO, Spencer FA, Alonso-Coello P, Guyatt GH, Akle EA, American College of Chest Physicians. Antithrombotic and thrombolytic therapy for ischemic stroke: Antithrombotic Therapy and Prevention of Thrombosis, 9th ed: American College of Chest Physicians Evidence-Based Clinical Practice Guidelines. <i>Chest</i>. 2012;141(2 Suppl):e601S. Wardlaw JM, Seymour J, Caims J, Keir S, Lewis S, Sandercock P. Immediate computed tomography scanning of acute stroke is cost-effective and improves quality of life. <i>Stroke</i> 2004;35(11):2477. Schelling PD, Bryan RN, Caplan LR, Detre JA, Edelman RR, Jaigobin C, Kidwell CS, Mohr JP, Sloan M, Sorenson AG, Warach S, Therapeutics and Technology Assessment Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. Evidence-based guideline: The role of diffusion and perfusion MRI for the diagnosis of acute ischemic stroke: report of the Therapeutics and Technology Assessment



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Tanda Tangan			